

Japanese Economy Monthly Forecast

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Headlines

• Review of data released in December

- The second preliminary estimates for Q3 real GDP growth represented a major upward revision from the first official preliminary estimates (0.2% → 1.8% QoQ, annualized). The updated official Q3 growth figure coincides with our initial CQM forecast.
- As a result of updates in past data, the real GDP annual growth figure for FY 2018 saw a substantial downward revision from +0.7% to +0.3%.
- ▶ About two-thirds of all official data required for a complete GDP calculation has been released as of December. Due to the impact of natural disasters and the last-minute surge in demand before the consumption tax hike, the October-November average index of industrial production declined -4.2% compared to the Q3 average.
- ► The October-November average revenues of large retailers decreased -6.8% relative to the Q3 average. Q4 private final consumption expenditure will decline.
- ▶ The October-November averages of the planned dwelling construction, the capital goods shipments index, and the final-demand goods inventory index all declined substantially compared to the Q3 averages. Consequently, private housing, private capital investment and changes in private inventories will all stagnate in Q4.
- ► The October-November average real exports and real imports shrank respectively -2.5% and -3.4% relative to the Q3 average figures. Although real net exports expanded as imports declined by a wider margin than exports, the total amount of trade kept shrinking.

• 2019 Q4 real GDP growth forecast update

- Reflecting the latest data updates, our forecast for expenditure-side Q4 real GDP growth is -1.0% QoQ, or -3.8% if annualized. The production-side forecast figure, based on a principal component analysis, is an annualized -5.3%. The average of the two is -4.5% (Figure 1).
- ▶ The contributions of domestic demand and net exports to growth are estimated at -1.1%pt and +0.2%pt QoQ, respectively. The reactionary fall in demand after the consumption tax hike was inevitable.

• 2019 Q4 inflation forecast update

- ► The national core consumer price index (CPI) in November expanded +0.5% YoY, accelerating a tad from the previous month. However, when adjusted for the effect of the consumption tax hike, it is a modest +0.2%.
- Our CQM forecast for Q4 private final consumption expenditure deflator is +0.0% QoQ. The forecast for Q4 domestic demand deflator is +0.1% QoQ. As the terms of trade remained unchanged, we forecast an overall Q4 GDP deflator of +0.1% QoQ (Figure 2).

Fig 1 CQM Forecast: Real GDP growth rate Oct-Dec (Q4) 2019 (%, QoQ annualized growth)

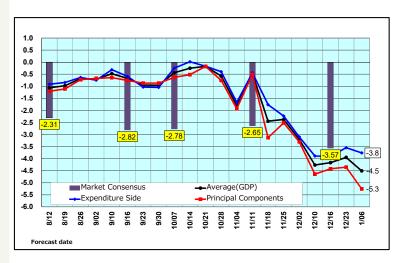
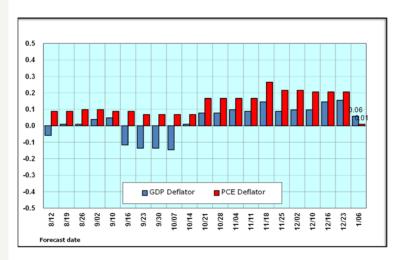


Fig 2 CQM Forecast: Inflation Oct-Dec (Q4) 2019 (%, QoQ growth)



We used the Current Quarter Model (CQM) methodology developed by Professor Emeritus L. R. Klein to create two forecasting models for the Japanese economy: a demand-side model and a production-side (principal component analysis) model. We refer to the forecasts by the former model as the main series, and those by the latter model, as well as the average of both models, as the reference series. Forecasts made using the CQM model are renewed continuously, incorporating the latest weekly data, which makes it possible to determine and trace the impacts of the latest short-term trends on macroeconomic conditions.



Main Economic Indicators released in November/December

Release	Data	Economic Indicator	Value/ In-	Change		
Date	Month	Leonomic maleator	dex Score	МоМ	YoY	
12/27	November	Labor Force Survey				
		Total employment (millions)	67.69	+0.11		
		Total unemployment (millions)	1.51	-0.15		
		Unemployment rate (%)	2.2%	-0.2%pt		
	November	General Job Placement Situation				
		Job offers-to-applicants ratio	1.57	0.0%pt		
	November	Indices of Industrial Production (preliminary figures, 2015=100)				
		Production	97.7	-0.9%		
		Shipments	96.4	-1.7%		
		Inventories	103.1	-1.1%		
	November	Current Survey of Commerce (preliminary figures)				
		Retail trade (billion JPY)	11,867.0	+4.5%	-2.1%	
	December	Tokyo Region Consumer Price Index (2015=100)				
		Core	102.0	+0.2%	+0.8%	
12/26	November	New Housing Starts				
		New housing starts (SA, Unit)	73,523	-5.2%	-12.7%	
		Planned residential construction expenditure (billon JPY)	1,229.9	-9.3%	-9.2%	
	October	Construction Costs Deflator (2011=100)				
		Housing construction	112.6		+2.5%	
		Public works	115.1		+2.9%	
	November	Manufacturing Industry Input-Output Price Index (2011=100)				
		Input price	97.9		-3.9%	
		Output price	99.4		-1.9%	
12/25	November	Corporate Services Price Index (2015=100)				
		Overall index	105.0		+2.1%	
12/23	October	Industrial Activity Indices (2010=100)				
		All industries	103.6	-4.3%		
		Construction industry	108.9	-0.3%		
	October	Index of Business Conditions (revised figures, 2015=100)				
		Leading indicators	91.6	-0.3		
		Coincident indicators	95.3	-5.1		
		Lagging indicators	103.9	-0.3		
12/20	October	Monthly Labor Statistics (final figures)				
, _ 0	0010201	Total cash salary per capita (JPY)	272,285		+0.0%	
		Total working hours	140.6		-2.3%	
	November	National Consumer Price Index (2015=100)				
		Core	102.2	+0.2%	+0.5%	
12/18	November	Trade Statistics (customs clearance level)		J.2.70	3.070	
	NOVOITIBE	Trade balance (billion JPY)	-82.1	+26.3%	-88.9%	
		Exports (billion JPY)	6,382.2	-0.3%	-7.9%	
		Imports (billion JPY)	6,464.2	-0.3 <i>%</i> -0.1%	-15.7%	
	October	Synthetic Consumption Index (2011=100)	104.3	-0.1%	-13.1%	
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		Private non-residential construction (billion JPY)	936.0		-0.1%
		Public works (billion JPY)	2,116.0		+9.2%
12/16	October	Tertiary Industry Activity Index (2010=100)	104.7	-4.6%	
12/13	October	Indices of Industrial Production (final figures, 2015=100)			
		Production capacity index	98.2		-0.5%
		Capacity utilization ratio	95.8	-4.5%	
		Production	98.6	-4.5%	
		Shipments	98.1	-4.5%	
		Inventory	104.2	+1.3%	
	November	Public Works Advanced Securities Statistics			
		Contract amount (billion JPY)	911.0		+11.3
		Number of contracts	21,700		-2.3
12/12	October	Private Core Machinery Orders (billion JPY)	799.8	-6.0%	
12/11	November	Domestic Corporate Price Index (2015=100)			
		Corporate Price	102.2	+0.2%	+0.1
		Export Price	92.1	+0.2%	-5.9
		Import Price	92.6	+0.2%	-11.2
12/10	October	Information Services Industry Sales (billion JPY)	831.6		+1.5
12/9	November	Economy Watchers Survey			
		Current Conditions Diffusion Index	39.4	+2.7	
		Future Conditions Diffusion Index	45.7	+2.0	
	October	Balance of Payments			
		Current account (billion JPY)	1,816.8	+16.6%	+38.0
		Exports (billion JPY)	6,539.9	+2.2%	-7.9
		Imports (billion JPY)	6,285.9	-2.4%	-15.3
12/6	October	Monthly Labor Statistics (preliminary figures)			
		Total cash salary per capita (JPY)	273,466		+0.5
		Total working hours	140.7		-2.3
	October	Family Income and Expenditure Survey (households with 2 or more people)			
		Nominal consumption expenditure (JPY)	279,671	-11.4%	-4.8°
		Real consumption expenditure		-11.5%	-5.1
	October	Consumption Trend Index (2015=100)	99.5	-5.1%	
	October	Consumption Activity Index (2011=100)	101.6	-7.4%	
	October	Index of Business Conditions (preliminary, 2015=100)			
		Leading indicators	91.8	-0.1	
		Coincident indicators	94.8	-5.6	
		Lagging indicators	104.4	+0.2	<u> </u>
12/3	November	Food Buffer Stock (billion JPY)	+14.2		+3.5
12/2	November	New Car Sales (vehicles)	315,736		-11.6

CQM Forecast Tracking

	Real GDP			Defla	tor		Real GDP		Defla	itor		Real GDP		Defla	tor				
Forecast date	Expenditure side	Production side (PCA)	Average	GDP	PCE	Expenditure side	Production side (PCA)	Average	GDP	PCE	Expenditure side	Production side (PCA)	Average	GDP	PCE				
date	2019Q3							2019Q4					2020Q1)Q1					
	SAAR (%)			QoQ ((%)	SAAR (%)		QoQ (QoQ (%)		SAAR (%)			QoQ (%)					
8/12	1.3	1.2	1.3	0.0	0.1	-0.9	-1.2	-1.1	-0.1	0.1									
8/19	1.1	1.8	1.5	0.2	0.1	-0.8	-1.1	-1.0	0.0	0.1									
8/26	1.8	2.2	2.0	0.2	0.0	-0.6	-0.7	-0.7	0.0	0.1									
9/02	2.6	2.7	2.7	0.2	0.0	-0.7	-0.7	-0.7	0.0	0.1									
9/09	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0									
9/10		2.1	1.0	0.3	0.1	-0.3	-0.6	-0.5	0.0	0.1									
9/16	1.0	1.9	1.4	0.2	0.1	-0.6	-0.8	-0.7	-0.1	0.1									
9/23	0.7	1.7	1.2	0.1	0.0	-1.0	-0.9	-1.0	-0.1	0.1									
9/30	0.7	1.7	1.2	0.1	0.0	-1.0	-0.9	-1.0	-0.1	0.1									
10/07	1.4	2.6	2.0	0.0	0.0	-0.2	-0.6	-0.4	-0.1	0.1									
10/14		2.8	2.5	0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.5	-0.3	0.0	0.1									
10/21	1.3	2.3	1.8	0.1	0.1	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	0.1	0.2									
10/28	1.0	1.8	1.4	0.1	0.1	-0.4	-0.8	-0.6	0.1	0.2									
11/04	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.2	0.1	-1.7	-1.9	-1.8	0.1	0.2									
11/11	1.7	2.9	2.3	0.2	0.1	-0.4	-0.5	-0.5	0.1	0.2									
11/14	<u>0.2</u>			0.2	<u>0.1</u>														
11/18						-1.8	-3.1	-2.4	0.1	0.3	1.4	0.4	0.9	-0.2	0.0				
11/25						-2.2	-2.5	-2.4	0.1	0.2	0.8	0.4	0.6	-0.2	0.0				
12/02						-3.1	-3.3	-3.2	0.1	0.2	1.2	0.7	1.0	-0.2	0.0				
12/09	1.8*			0.2*	0.2*														
12/10						-3.9	-4.6	-4.3	0.1	0.2			1.2	-0.2	0.0				
12/16						-3.9	-4.4	-4.2	0.1	0.2	1.0	0.7	0.9	-0.2	0.0				
12/23						-3.5	-4.4	-4.0	0.2	0.2	1.2	0.6	0.9	-0.1	0.1				
1/06						-3.8	-5.3	-4.5	0.1	0.0	0.9	1.3	1.1	-0.2	0.1				

Note: Underlined figures are 1st preliminary estimates. Figures marked with an asterisk (*) are 2nd preliminary estimates.