

Japanese Economy Monthly Forecast

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Headlines

• Review of data released in March

This forecast reflects official data available as of April 2. Currently, excluding house hold consumption-related-indicator, about two-thirds of the statistics required for a complete estimation of 2021 Q1 GDP have been released.

▶ According to the March Tankan Survey conducted by the Bank of Japan, the economic recovery from the Covid-19 pandemic is increasingly bipolar. In contrast to the manufacturing diffusion index (DI), which logged a robust recovery and reached its pre-pandemic level, the performance of the non-manufacturing DI was lackluster due to the suspension of the government's "Go To campaign".

▶ The index of industrial production in February declined for the first time in two months. As a result, the January-February average was only +2.3% higher than the 2020 Q4 average. The disruptions in supply caused by a plant fire at one of Japan's semiconductor manufacturing giants might prolong the production decline.

February data on total planned construction, capital goods shipments and inventories of final goods have been released. As a result, we have made upward revisions in our forecasts for real private capital investment and changes in private inventories, but a downward revision in our forecast for real private residential investment.

According to the Bank of Japan, real exports in February declined for the first time in two months (-5.6% MoM). In contrast, real imports rose for the second month in a row (+6.6% MoM). Relative to the 2020 Q4 average, real exports and imports expanded respectively by +0.9% and +5.6%. As the expansion in the latter was far larger, the contribution of net exports to growth turned negative.

• 2021 Q1 real GDP growth forecast update

In our previous report, the expenditure-side and the production-side figures diverged noticeably. However, in our latest forecast there is a convergence trend (Figure 1). This week's expenditure-side CQM forecast for real GDP growth in 2021 Q1 is an annualized -8.3% QoQ. The production-side forecast figure is an annualized -6.7% QoQ. The average of the two is an annualized -7.5%

• 2021 Q1 inflation forecast update

The Q1 Tokyo Metropolitan Consumer Price Index declined -0.3% YoY, marking the second consecutive quarter in negative territory. On the other hand, the QoQ change was +0.5%, marking the first increase in four quarters.

Our CQM forecast for the Q1 private final consumption expenditure deflator and the Q1 domestic demand deflator are both +0.4%. However, as the terms of trade are deteriorating, our forecast for the Q1 GDP deflator is -0.3% QoQ (Figure 2).

Fig 1 CQM Forecast: Real GDP growth rate Jan-Feb (Q1) 2021 (%, QoQ annualized growth)

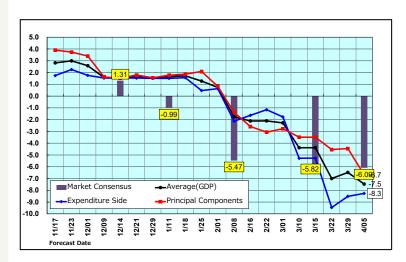
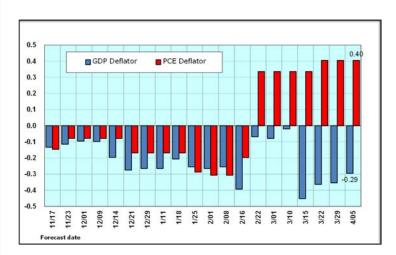


Fig 2 CQM Forecast: Inflation Jan-Feb (Q1) 2021 (%, QoQ growth)



We used the Current Quarter Model (CQM) methodology developed by Professor Emeritus L. R. Klein to create two forecasting models for the Japanese economy: a demand-side model and a production-side (principal component analysis) model. We refer to the forecasts by the former model as the main series, and those by the latter model, as well as the average of both models, as the reference series. Forecasts made using the CQM model are renewed continuously, incorporating the latest weekly data, which makes it possible to determine and trace the impacts of the latest short-term trends on macroeconomic conditions.



Main Economic Indicators (latest)

Release	Data	Essencia Indicata:	Value/ In-	Change		
Date	Month	Economic Indicator	dex Score	MoM	YoY	
4/2	March	Food Buffer Stock (billion JPY)	+55.9		-0.6	
4/1	March	New Car Sales (vehicles)	510,386		+5.2%	
3/30	February	Indices of Industrial Production (preliminary figures,				
	,	2015=100) Production	95.7	-2.1%		
		Shipments	94.4	-1.5%		
		Inventories	94.3	-1.0%		
	February	Labor Force Survey	01.0	1.070		
	1 oblidally	Total employment (millions)	66.97	+0.03		
		Total unemployment (millions)	2.03	0.00		
		Unemployment rate (%)	2.9%	0.0%pt		
	February	General Job Placement Situation	2.570	0.070pt		
	Colualy	Job offers-to-applicants ratio	1.09	-0.01%pt		
	February	Current Survey of Commerce (preliminary figures)	1.03	-0.0170pt		
	Columny	Retail trade (billion JPY)	12,628.0	+3.1%	-1.5%	
	February	New Housing Starts	12,020.0	13.170	-1.570	
	Colualy	New housing starts (SA, Unit)	60,764	+0.8%	-3.7%	
		Planned residential construction expenditure (billon JPY)	1,029.4	-2.8%	-4.5%	
	January	Construction Costs Deflator (2011=100)	1,029.4	-2.070	-4.570	
	January	Housing construction	113.4		-0.3%	
		Public works	115.7		-0.4%	
2/20	Manak		113.7		-0.4 /0	
3/26	March	Tokyo Metropolitan Consumer Price Index (2015=100)	404.0	. 0. 00/	0.40/	
		Core	101.6	+0.2%	-0.1%	
	February	Manufacturing Industry Input-Output Price Index (2011=100)	07.5		0.00/	
		Input price	97.5		-0.9%	
		Output price	99.2		-0.2%	
3/24	February	Corporate Services Price Index (2015=100)				
		Overall index	104.5		-0.1%	
3/22	January	Synthetic Consumption Index (2015=100)	92.6	-3.0%		
	January	Index of Business Conditions (revised figures, 2015=100)				
		Leading indicators	98.5	+0.8		
		Coincident indicators	90.3	+2.9		
		Lagging indicators	91.4	+0.9		
3/19	February	National Consumer Price Index (2015=100)				
		Core index	101.5	+0.1%	-0.4%	
3/18	January	General Construction Statistics				
		Private non-residential construction (billion JPY)	808.7		-9.2%	
		Public works (billion JPY)	2,257.7		+5.7%	
3/17	February	Trade Statistics (customs clearance level)				
	•	Trade balance (billion JPY)	217.4	-38.7	-80.5%	
		Exports (billion JPY)	6,038.0	-4.7%	-4.5%	
		Imports (billion JPY)	5,820.6	+4.7%	+11.8%	
3/16	January	Industrial Activity Index (2015=100)	96.5	-0.4%		

	January	Indices of Industrial Production (final figures, 2015=100)			
		Production capacity index	97.1		-1.3%
		Capacity utilization ratio	97.7	+4.7%	
		Production	97.8	+4.3%	
		Shipments	95.8	+3.2%	
		Inventory	95.3	0.0%	
3/15	January	Tertiary Industry Activity Index (2015=100)	96.1	-1.7%	
	January	Private Core Machinery Orders (billion JPY)	841.7	-4.5%	
	February	Public Works Advanced Securities Statistics			
		Contract amount (billion JPY)	648.5		-7.3%
		Number of contracts	10,186		-9.9%
3/11	February	Domestic Corporate Price Index (2015=100)			
		Corporate Price	101.2	+0.4%	-0.7%
		Export Price	92.8	+1.4%	+0.3%
		Import Price	90.7	+4.1%	-3.5%
3/10	January	Information Services Industry Sales (billion JPY)	866.6		+0.4%
3/9	January	Monthly Labor Statistics (preliminary figures)			
		Total cash salary per capita (JPY)	272,972		-0.8%
		Total working hours	128.3		-2.2%
	January	Family Income and Expenditure Survey (households with 2 or more people)			
		Nominal consumption expenditure (JPY)	267,760	-6.9%	-6.8%
		Real consumption expenditure		-7.3%	-6.1%
	January	Consumption Trend Index (2015=100)	93.8	-2.0%	
3/8	January	Index of Business Conditions (preliminary, 2015=100)			
		Leading indicators	99.1	+1.4	
		Coincident indicators	91.7	+3.5	
		Lagging indicators	91.9	+1.1	
	February	Economy Watchers Survey			
		Current Conditions Diffusion Index	41.3	+10.1	
		Future Conditions Diffusion Index	51.3	+11.4	
	January	Balance of Payments			
		Current account (billion JPY)	646.8	-27.8%	-2.3%
		Exports (billion JPY)	5,691.6	+3.5%	+2.7%
		Imports (billion JPY)	5,821.7	+6.9%	-10.9%
3/5	January	Consumption Activity Index (2011=100)	95.8	-2.7%	
3/4	February	Consumer Confidence Index (SA)	33.8	-2.7%	
2/24	December	Monthly Labor Statistics (final figures)			
		Total cash salary per capita (JPY)	547,612		-3.0%
		Total working hours	136.9		-2.5%

CQM Forecast: GDP Tracking

	Real GDP			Defla	tor	Real GDP			Deflator		Real GDP			Deflator	
Forecast date	Expenditur e side	Production side (PCA)	Average	GDP	PCE	Expenditu re side	Productio n side (PCA)	Average	GDP	PCE	Expenditu re side	Productio n side (PCA)	Average	GDP	PCE
			2020Q4		2021Q1						2021Q2				
	SAAR (%)			QoQ (%)	SAAR (%)		QoQ (%)		SAAR (%)		QoQ (%)			
11/17	2.5	2.5	2.5	0.2	0.0	1.7	3.9	2.8	-0.1	-0.1					
11/23	4.1	4.6	4.3	0.0	-0.3	2.3	3.7	3.0	-0.1	-0.1					
12/01	5.8	7.8	6.8	0.0	-0.3	1.8	3.4	2.6	-0.1	-0.1					
12/08															
12/09	7.9		7.1	-0.2	-0.3		1.6	1.6	-0.1	-0.1					
12/14	7.9		7.5	-0.2	-0.3		1.5	1.5	-0.2	-0.1					
12/21	11.6		9.4	-0.4	-0.6		1.8	1.7	-0.3	-0.2					
12/29	11.7		9.2	-0.4	-0.6		1.6	1.5	-0.3	-0.2					
1/11	11.7		9.7	-0.4	-0.6		1.8	1.6	-0.3	-0.2					
1/18	12.2		9.9	-0.4	-0.6		1.9	1.7	-0.2	-0.2					
1/25	12.9		10.1	-0.4	-0.6		2.1	1.3	-0.3	-0.3					
2/01	12.8		10.2	-0.4	-0.6		0.8	0.7	-0.3	-0.3					
2/09	11.9	7.0	9.5	-0.4	-0.6	-2.1	-1.4	-1.8	-0.3	-0.3					
2/15	<u>12.7</u>			<u>-0.5</u>	<u>-0.4</u>										
2/16						-1.6	-2.6	-2.1	-0.4	-0.2		0.0		-0.5	-0.2
2/22						-1.2	-3.1	-2.1	-0.1	0.3		0.1	0.5		-0.2
3/01						-1.8	-2.8	-2.3	-0.1	0.3		-0.5		-0.5	-0.2
3/09	11.7*			-0.5*	-0.4*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0			0.0
3/10						-5.3	-3.5	-4.4	0.0	0.3	2.7	-0.2		-0.5	-0.2
3/15						-5.3	-3.5	-4.4	-0.5	0.3		-0.2		-1.0	-0.2
3/22						-9.5	-4.5	-7.0	-0.4	0.4	-	-0.6			-0.2
3/29						-8.5	-4.5	-6.5	-0.4	0.4		-0.6			-0.2
4/05						-8.3	-6.7	-7.5	-0.3	0.4	-0.2	-1.2	-0.7	-1.0	-0.2

Note: Underlined figures are 1st preliminary estimates, and figures marked by * are 2nd preliminary estimates.